

FREE TOEFL 2026 PRACTICE MATERIAL

TOEFL Vocabulary Flashcards to Print and Cut (2026)

The same decks the app schedules for spaced review, exported to paper in two shapes: a reference list to read and a cut-out card grid to test yourself with. Every list says how it was built, above the words.

What is inside

- Every published Reach120 vocabulary deck, exported whole — the section corpora, the band separators, the phrasing decks and the topic lists.
- The derivation printed above each list: what the deck was built from and on what basis, rather than a label claiming it is "the essential" anything.
- Two shapes of the same material — a reference list you read and a card grid you cut up — so one download covers both ways of working.
- Definitions, part of speech and, where the deck records them, the example sentence and the weak-to-strong phrasing pair.

What it does not cover

- A frequency ranking of English, or a claim that these are the words that appear on the test. They are the words that appear in Reach120's own 2026-format material and in answers Reach120 has scored, which is a different and checkable thing.
- Spaced review. Paper does not schedule; the app does, and the schedule is what makes a list stick.
- Audio. These decks are written material.
- Words captured privately by individual learners. Only published decks are exported.

DO IT SCORED, FOR FREE

Reading answers is not the same skill as producing them under time pressure. The same material runs scored, in the browser, with no card:

[Browse every list and schedule a spaced review — https://www.reach120.com/flashcards](https://www.reach120.com/flashcards)

Every question in this file is also on the page it came from:

<https://www.reach120.com/downloads/toefl-vocabulary-lists>

WHERE THIS MATERIAL COMES FROM

Every list in this file is exported from a published Reach120 deck, and each deck prints the derivation it was built from above its words. The deck slugs and sizes are recorded in a manifest beside the file, so the export is checkable rather than a sentence you have to take on trust.

READING — WORDS IN OUR 2026-FORMAT PASSAGES — CARDS 1-15 (FRONT)

learn verb	online adjective	time noun
work noun	person noun	provide verb
want verb	traditional adjective	move verb
new adjective	infer verb	open adjective
think verb	leave verb	long adjective

a period during which something happens or continues	connected to or available through the internet	gain knowledge or skill through study or experience
give something needed or useful to someone	a single human being	activity involving effort to achieve a purpose
change position or location from one place to another	following customs or beliefs passed down over generations	have a desire to possess or do something
not closed, allowing access or entry	reach a conclusion based on evidence and reasoning	recently made, created, or discovered
having great length or duration	go away from a place or person	use one's mind to form ideas or judgments

day noun	effective adjective	change verb
study verb	bring verb	closest adjective
offer verb	week noun	help verb
stay verb	allow verb	meaning noun
water noun	access noun	early adjective

make or become different in some way	producing the intended result successfully	a period of twenty-four hours
nearest in distance, time, or relationship	carry or take something to a place or person	devote time and attention to gaining knowledge on a subject
give assistance or support to someone	a period of seven consecutive days	present something for someone to accept or refuse
what something is intended to express or represent.	let something happen or give permission for it.	remain in one place or condition without leaving.
happening before the usual or expected time.	ability or right to enter, use, or obtain something.	clear liquid needed for drinking and life.

today adverb	year noun	main adjective
live verb	come verb	class noun
believe verb	understand verb	single adjective
hour noun	material noun	experience noun
room noun	add verb	interaction noun

most important or largest part of something.	period of twelve months.	on this present day.
group of students taught together, or a category.	move toward a place or person.	be alive or have one's home somewhere.
only one, not accompanied by others.	grasp the meaning or nature of something.	accept something as true without full proof.
knowledge or skill gained from doing or observing something.	physical substance from which something is made.	period of sixty minutes.
communication or activity between two or more parties.	combine one thing with another to increase total.	enclosed space within a building, or available space.

return verb	good adjective	free adjective
start verb	form noun	show verb
please adverb	pace noun	place noun
find verb	ask verb	close verb
environment noun	look verb	carry verb

not costing money, or not restricted.	having positive or desirable qualities.	come or go back to an earlier place or state.
Make something visible or demonstrate a fact.	Shape or structure of something, or to create it.	Begin doing something or come into existence.
Particular location or position.	Speed at which something moves or happens.	Word used to make a request polite.
Shut something, or being near in distance or relationship.	Put a question to someone or request something.	Discover something after searching or by chance.
Support and move something from one place to another.	Direct one's eyes toward something to see it.	Natural world or surrounding conditions in which something exists.

see verb	grow verb	call verb
run verb	staff noun	building noun
education noun	food noun	campus noun
record noun	slow adjective	small adjective
community noun	turn verb	animal noun

Contact someone by phone or shout a name.	Increase in size or develop over time.	Perceive something with the eyes.
Structure with walls and a roof, like a house.	Group of people employed by an organization.	Move quickly on foot, or operate a system.
Grounds and buildings of a university or college.	Substance eaten to keep living things alive.	Process of teaching and learning, usually in school.
Limited in size or amount.	Taking a long time; not fast.	Written or stored account of facts kept for future reference.
A living creature that is not a plant or human.	To change direction or rotate.	A group of people living in the same area or sharing interests.

group noun	light noun	right adjective
know verb	skill noun	plant noun
shift noun	hold verb	build verb
plan noun	part noun	happen verb
notice verb	require verb	lead verb

Correct or morally acceptable.	The natural energy that makes things visible.	A number of people or things gathered together.
A living organism that grows in soil, typically with leaves.	An ability gained through practice or training.	To have information or understanding about something.
construct something by putting parts together.	grasp or keep something in place using hands or force.	A change in position, direction, or condition.
occur or take place, especially without being planned.	a piece or portion of a larger whole.	a detailed proposal for achieving something in future.
guide or direct a group of people or activity.	need something as necessary or essential.	become aware of something through observation.

book verb	lose verb	flexibility noun
whole adjective	begin verb	different adjective
print verb	meet verb	share verb
researcher noun	produce verb	replace verb
final adjective	social adjective	life noun

ability to adapt or change easily to new conditions.	fail to keep or maintain possession of something.	reserve a place, seat, or service in advance.
not the same as another thing or person.	start doing or happening something.	complete, with all parts included.
give a portion of something to others.	come together with someone at a particular place or time.	produce text or images on paper using a machine.
put something new in place of another.	make or create something through effort or process.	someone who studies a subject carefully to discover new facts.
the state of being alive, or a period of existence.	relating to society or interaction among people.	coming at the end of a series or process.

point noun	minute noun	set noun
tool noun	cost noun	sign noun
night noun	morning noun	schedule noun
direct adjective	note noun	end noun
quick adjective	wide adjective	lab noun

group of matching items or things placed together.	a unit of time equal to sixty seconds.	a specific idea, fact, or particular moment.
symbol or notice giving information or instruction.	amount of money needed to buy or do something.	device or instrument used to perform a task.
planned list of times for events or tasks.	early part of day before noon.	dark period between evening and morning.
final point or last part of something.	short written message or record of information.	going straight to a place or point without detour.
room equipped for scientific experiments or research.	measuring a large distance from side to side.	happening or moving fast, taking little time.

LISTENING — WORDS IN OUR 2026-FORMAT TALKS — CARDS 1-15 (FRONT)

learn verb	online adjective	time noun
work noun	person noun	provide verb
want verb	traditional adjective	move verb
new adjective	infer verb	open adjective
think verb	leave verb	long adjective

a period during which something happens or continues	connected to or available through the internet	gain knowledge or skill through study or experience
give something needed or useful to someone	a single human being	activity involving effort to achieve a purpose
change position or location from one place to another	following customs or beliefs passed down over generations	have a desire to possess or do something
not closed, allowing access or entry	reach a conclusion based on evidence and reasoning	recently made, created, or discovered
having great length or duration	go away from a place or person	use one's mind to form ideas or judgments

LISTENING — WORDS IN OUR 2026-FORMAT TALKS — CARDS 16-30 (FRONT)

day noun	effective adjective	change verb
study verb	bring verb	classroom noun
closest adjective	offer verb	week noun
help verb	stay verb	water noun
access noun	early adjective	today adverb

make or become different in some way	producing the intended result successfully	a period of twenty-four hours
a room in a school where lessons take place	carry or take something to a place or person	devote time and attention to gaining knowledge on a subject
a period of seven consecutive days	present something for someone to accept or refuse	nearest in distance, time, or relationship
clear liquid needed for drinking and life.	remain in one place or condition without leaving.	give assistance or support to someone
on this present day.	happening before the usual or expected time.	ability or right to enter, use, or obtain something.

LISTENING — WORDS IN OUR 2026-FORMAT TALKS — CARDS 31-45 (FRONT)

year noun	main adjective	live verb
come verb	class noun	believe verb
understand verb	single adjective	hour noun
material noun	experience noun	room noun
add verb	return verb	good adjective

be alive or have one's home somewhere.	most important or largest part of something.	period of twelve months.
accept something as true without full proof.	group of students taught together, or a category.	move toward a place or person.
period of sixty minutes.	only one, not accompanied by others.	grasp the meaning or nature of something.
enclosed space within a building, or available space.	knowledge or skill gained from doing or observing something.	physical substance from which something is made.
having positive or desirable qualities.	come or go back to an earlier place or state.	combine one thing with another to increase total.

free adjective	start verb	resource noun
form noun	show verb	please adverb
place noun	find verb	ask verb
close verb	environment noun	look verb
carry verb	see verb	grow verb

Something useful that can be drawn on when needed.	Begin doing something or come into existence.	not costing money, or not restricted.
Word used to make a request polite.	Make something visible or demonstrate a fact.	Shape or structure of something, or to create it.
Put a question to someone or request something.	Discover something after searching or by chance.	Particular location or position.
Direct one's eyes toward something to see it.	Natural world or surrounding conditions in which something exists.	Shut something, or being near in distance or relationship.
Increase in size or develop over time.	Perceive something with the eyes.	Support and move something from one place to another.

LISTENING — WORDS IN OUR 2026-FORMAT TALKS — CARDS 61-75 (FRONT)

call verb	run verb	staff noun
building noun	education noun	food noun
campus noun	record noun	slow adjective
small adjective	community noun	turn verb
animal noun	group noun	light noun

Group of people employed by an organization.	Move quickly on foot, or operate a system.	Contact someone by phone or shout a name.
Substance eaten to keep living things alive.	Process of teaching and learning, usually in school.	Structure with walls and a roof, like a house.
Taking a long time; not fast.	Written or stored account of facts kept for future reference.	Grounds and buildings of a university or college.
To change direction or rotate.	A group of people living in the same area or sharing interests.	Limited in size or amount.
The natural energy that makes things visible.	A number of people or things gathered together.	A living creature that is not a plant or human.

right adjective	know verb	skill noun
plant noun	shift noun	hold verb
build verb	plan noun	part noun
happen verb	notice verb	require verb
lead verb	book verb	lose verb

An ability gained through practice or training.	To have information or understanding about something.	Correct or morally acceptable.
grasp or keep something in place using hands or force.	A change in position, direction, or condition.	A living organism that grows in soil, typically with leaves.
a piece or portion of a larger whole.	a detailed proposal for achieving something in future.	construct something by putting parts together.
need something as necessary or essential.	become aware of something through observation.	occur or take place, especially without being planned.
fail to keep or maintain possession of something.	reserve a place, seat, or service in advance.	guide or direct a group of people or activity.

flexibility noun	whole adjective	begin verb
different adjective	print verb	meet verb
share verb	researcher noun	produce verb
replace verb	final adjective	social adjective
life noun	point noun	minute noun

start doing or happening something.	complete, with all parts included.	ability to adapt or change easily to new conditions.
come together with someone at a particular place or time.	produce text or images on paper using a machine.	not the same as another thing or person.
make or create something through effort or process.	someone who studies a subject carefully to discover new facts.	give a portion of something to others.
relating to society or interaction among people.	coming at the end of a series or process.	put something new in place of another.
a unit of time equal to sixty seconds.	a specific idea, fact, or particular moment.	the state of being alive, or a period of existence.

set noun	tool noun	cost noun
sign noun	night noun	morning noun
in-person adjective	schedule noun	direct adjective
note noun	end noun	quick adjective
wide adjective	lab noun	office noun

amount of money needed to buy or do something.	device or instrument used to perform a task.	group of matching items or things placed together.
early part of day before noon.	dark period between evening and morning.	symbol or notice giving information or instruction.
going straight to a place or point without detour.	planned list of times for events or tasks.	happening with people physically present together.
happening or moving fast, taking little time.	final point or last part of something.	short written message or record of information.
room or building where people do administrative work.	room equipped for scientific experiments or research.	measuring a large distance from side to side.

i would definitely say	if i had to choose one	the short answer is
let me think about that for a second	that is an interesting question	there are a couple of ways to look at this
back when i was at school	in my own experience	speaking for myself
this happened to me when	it really comes down to	that is why i would
the main reason for that is	which means that	a good example of this is

Answering the question head-on — Committing to an answer in your first sentence, before the reasons. The short answer is that I would take the online course.	Answering the question head-on — Picking a side when the question offers you two. If I had to choose one, I would go with the morning session.	Answering the question head-on — Answering with conviction rather than trailing off. I would definitely say the second option suits most students better.
Giving yourself a moment — Opening with structure while you decide what to say. There are a couple of ways to look at this, but I will start with the timetable.	Giving yourself a moment — Filling the first seconds with English instead of silence. That is an interesting question, and my first thought is about the cost.	Giving yourself a moment — Asking for a moment out loud, so the pause is deliberate. Let me think about that for a second, because both options have a real cost.
Grounding it in your own experience — Marking an answer as yours rather than a general truth. Speaking for myself, I learn much more from doing than from listening.	Grounding it in your own experience — Grounding a claim in something you actually lived through. In my own experience, group projects work far better with a hard deadline.	Grounding it in your own experience — Placing an example in your past without losing the thread. Back when I was at school, we handed everything in on paper.
Explaining why, out loud — Tying your reason back to the choice you made. That is why I would rather study in the library than at home.	Explaining why, out loud — Reducing a messy answer to the one thing that decides it. It really comes down to how much time you can give it each week.	Grounding it in your own experience — Introducing a short story from your own life as evidence. This happened to me when I moved to a new city for university.
Bringing in a concrete case — Attaching an example to the claim it is supposed to support. A good example of this is the way our library extended its opening hours.	Explaining why, out loud — Drawing the consequence out of a fact you just stated. The lectures are recorded, which means that I can watch them again before the exam.	Explaining why, out loud — Naming your strongest reason instead of listing three weak ones. The main reason for that is that I can review the recording later.

say for instance that	to give you a concrete example	i can see why some people would
on the other hand	that said	there is a trade-off here between
let me put that another way	or rather	what i mean by that is
so overall i would	to sum up in one sentence	which is why my answer is

Weighing the other side — Granting the other view before you argue against it. I can see why some people would prefer a fixed timetable every week.	Bringing in a concrete case — Signalling that a real case is coming, not another general claim. To give you a concrete example, our department cut its lab hours last term.	Bringing in a concrete case — Setting up a hypothetical case to test your own point. Let me illustrate that a student works twenty hours a week alongside classes.
Weighing the other side — Naming the tension instead of pretending one side is perfect. There is a trade-off here between what it costs and how convenient it is.	Weighing the other side — Coming back to your own position after a concession. That said, the cost is still the biggest problem for most students.	Weighing the other side — Turning to the side you did not choose. On the other hand, evening classes are much harder to attend after work.
Repairing what you just said — Rescuing a sentence that came out less clearly than you wanted. What I mean by that is that the deadline itself was never the problem.	Repairing what you just said — Replacing a word you have just said with a better one. The course lasts a year, or rather two semesters and a summer term.	Repairing what you just said — Restarting a point cleanly instead of abandoning it. Let me put that another way: the schedule matters more to me than the price.
Landing the answer before time runs out — Ending on the choice, not on the last reason you happened to give. Which is why my answer is the evening programme rather than the weekend one.	Landing the answer before time runs out — Compressing the whole answer when you are almost out of time. To sum up in one sentence, the cost is what decides it for me.	Landing the answer before time runs out — Closing with your answer while the clock is still running. So yes, I would choose the smaller class.

find this argument persuasive because	share the view that	there is considerable merit in
this position is well supported by	not convinced that	question the assumption that
the evidence points in the opposite direction	this argument overlooks	a fair point, although
accept that	granted, the objection has some force	there is some truth in
a case in point is	consider the case of	this is illustrated by

Agreeing with a view — Endorsing part of a view before you add your own. There is considerable merit in treating attendance as a separate question.	Agreeing with a view — Backing a classmate without simply repeating what they said. I share the view that online courses widen access to higher education.	Agreeing with a view — Agreeing with a specific argument rather than with a person. And the argument persuasive because it accounts for the cost to students.
Disagreeing with a view — Attacking what a view takes for granted rather than its conclusion. I would question the assumption that every student learns best alone.	Disagreeing with a view — Rejecting a claim without calling the person wrong. I am not convinced that longer terms would improve results.	Agreeing with a view — Agreeing and immediately naming the evidence for it. This position is well supported by the drop-out figures for remote programmes.
Conceding a point — Acknowledging a classmate and turning the argument in one move. That is a fair point, although it applies mainly to first-year students.	Disagreeing with a view — Naming what a view leaves out instead of contradicting it. This argument overlooks the students who work alongside their studies.	Disagreeing with a view — Disagreeing on the strength of data rather than opinion. On graduate earnings, the evidence points in the opposite direction.
Conceding a point — Giving ground on one point so your own point lands harder. There is some truth in the claim that campus life builds friendships.	Conceding a point — Conceding a serious objection you intend to answer. Granted, the objection has some force where laboratory work is involved.	Conceding a point — Granting a fact you cannot dispute before you qualify it. I accept that remote study suits some learners better than others.
Giving an example — Introducing evidence that shows rather than states your point. This is illustrated by the rise in part-time enrolment since 2020.	Giving an example — Asking the reader to examine a specific instance with you. Consider the case of students who commute for two hours each day.	Giving an example — Giving one example that carries the whole argument. A case in point is the shift to recorded lectures during the pandemic.

to take one example	in most cases, though not all	this holds only where
to a limited extent	with the important exception of	both approaches share
by comparison with	the latter is preferable because	the two differ chiefly in
for these reasons i would argue that	on balance, the stronger case is for	taken together, these points suggest
the weight of the argument favors		

Limiting a claim — Naming the condition under which your claim survives. This holds only where students have reliable internet at home.	Limiting a claim — Making a general claim without over-claiming. In most cases, though not all, students prefer some contact hours.	Giving an example — Signalling that one instance stands for many. To take one example, medical training cannot be delivered remotely.
Comparing two things — Establishing common ground before you separate two views. Both approaches share an assumption that motivation can be measured.	Limiting a claim — Protecting a general claim by naming what escapes it. This applies across the sciences, with the important exception of fieldwork.	Limiting a claim — Agreeing partially without appearing to sit on the fence. Group work develops these skills, but only to a limited extent.
Comparing two things — Naming the one difference that actually matters. The two differ chiefly in how much independent reading they require.	Comparing two things — Choosing between two options you have just laid out. Of the two models, the latter is preferable because it scales cheaply.	Comparing two things — Setting two options against each other explicitly. By comparison with lectures, seminars demand far more preparation.
Closing an argument — Drawing one conclusion from several separate arguments. Taken together, these points suggest that flexibility matters more than format.	Closing an argument — Closing after you have weighed both sides. On balance, the stronger case is for keeping some in-person teaching.	Closing an argument — Restating your position at the end with its support attached. For these reasons I would argue that attendance should stay optional.
Closing an argument — Declaring a winner without claiming certainty. The weight of the argument favors a mixed timetable.		

WORDS THAT SEPARATE BANDS — WRITE AN EMAIL — CARDS 1-15 (FRONT)

please adverb	receive verb	request verb
service noun	available adjective	require verb
expect verb	return verb	refund noun
purchase verb	confirm verb	current adjective
opportunity noun	convenience noun	academic adjective

ask politely for something	get or accept something given or sent	Word used to make a request polite.
need something as necessary or essential.	able to be obtained, used, or accessed	Help or work provided for someone by another party.
money given back after purchase.	come or go back to an earlier place or state.	believe something will happen
happening or existing right now	Show or state that something is true or correct.	act of buying something
Relating to schools, colleges, or scholarly study.	quality of being easy or useful for someone	a favorable chance to do something

WORDS THAT SEPARATE BANDS — WRITE AN EMAIL — CARDS 16–21 (FRONT)

customer noun	store noun	status noun
detail noun	earliest adjective	laptop noun

current condition or position of someone or something at a given time. The committee reviewed the current status of the funding application before making a decision.	place where goods are sold to customers.	person who buys goods or services from a business
small portable computer	happening before all others in time	a small individual piece of information

at your earliest convenience	could you possibly	would appreciate it if you could
would be grateful if you could	draw your attention to	the issue remains unresolved
this has caused considerable inconvenience	writing to raise a concern about	apologize for any inconvenience caused
please accept my apologies for	regret that i was unable to	take full responsibility for
as previously agreed	can confirm my attendance on	please confirm receipt of this message

Asking someone to do something — Making a request of someone senior to you without sounding demanding. I would be grateful if you could review my application before Friday.	Asking someone to do something — Asking for a favour that costs the other person real effort. Could you possibly send the reading list before the first seminar?	Asking someone to do something — Asking for a quick reply without ordering the reader to hurry. Please let me know your decision at your earliest convenience.
Raising a problem — Saying that an earlier complaint was not acted on. Despite two reminders, the issue remains unresolved.	Raising a problem — Pointing out a problem the reader may not know about. I would like to draw your attention to an error in the published timetable.	Asking someone to do something — Asking a member of staff to do something you have no right to demand. I would be grateful if you could extend the deadline by one week.
Apologising — Closing an apology for something that disrupted the reader. I apologize for any inconvenience caused by my late submission.	Raising a problem — Opening an email about something that has gone wrong. I am writing to raise a concern about the condition of the lab equipment.	Raising a problem — Explaining the cost of a problem without sounding angry. This has caused considerable inconvenience to the whole research group.
Apologising — Accepting blame without excuses. I take full responsibility for the error in the submitted figures.	Apologising — Explaining a failure to do something you had agreed to do. I regret that I was unable to attend the briefing on Monday.	Apologising — Apologising formally to someone you do not know well. Please accept my apologies for missing the meeting on Tuesday.
Confirming an arrangement — Asking the reader to acknowledge that something arrived. Please confirm receipt of this message so I know the documents arrived.	Confirming an arrangement — Replying to an invitation you intend to accept. I can confirm my attendance on the morning of the twelfth.	Confirming an arrangement — Referring back to something already settled between you. As previously agreed, I will cover the Thursday session.

writing to confirm that	afraid i will not be able to	must respectfully decline
this will not be possible	unable to commit to	could you clarify whether
grateful for any information regarding	know what the procedure is for	would like to inquire about
appreciate your prompt response	grateful for your assistance with	thank you for taking the time to
your help has been invaluable		

Turning something down — Turning down a formal offer without giving offence. Having considered the offer carefully, I must respectfully decline.	Turning something down — Refusing an invitation or a request politely. I am afraid I will not be able to join the committee this term.	Confirming an arrangement — Putting an arrangement in writing so both sides have a record. I am writing to confirm that the interview will take place on 14 March.
Asking for information — Asking about one specific point you are unsure of. Could you clarify whether the fee covers the laboratory materials?	Turning something down — Declining an ongoing obligation rather than a single event. I am unable to commit to a weekly slot alongside my laboratory work.	Turning something down — Saying no to a proposed arrangement. Unfortunately, this will not be possible before the end of the month.
Asking for information — Asking for information from someone you do not know. I would like to inquire about the deadline for scholarship applications.	Asking for information — Asking how something official is done. I would like to know what the procedure is for deferring an examination.	Asking for information — Asking an office for details when you do not know who handles it. I would be grateful for any information regarding the transfer procedure.
Thanking someone — Thanking someone who spent effort on you rather than money. Thank you for taking the time to read my draft so carefully.	Thanking someone — Thanking a member of staff who solved a problem for you. I am grateful for your assistance with the visa paperwork.	Thanking someone — Thanking someone who answered quickly, usually before a request. I appreciate your prompt response to my earlier message.
Thanking someone — Closing a thank-you when the help genuinely mattered. Your help has been invaluable in preparing this application.		

acquisition noun	advocacy noun	aesthetic adjective
algorithm noun	allegory noun	allocate verb
ambiguous adjective	analyze verb	anthropogenic adjective
assimilate verb	autonomous adjective	autonomy noun
bandwidth noun	biodiversity noun	bureaucracy noun

Concerned with beauty or the appreciation of beauty The building's aesthetic appeal has made it a popular tourist destination.	Public support for or recommendation of a particular cause or policy Her advocacy for human rights brought international attention to the issue.	The buying or obtaining of assets or objects; a company takeover The acquisition of the startup expanded the company's market share.
To distribute resources or duties for a particular purpose The budget allocates significant funds to education and healthcare.	A story, poem, or picture that can be interpreted to reveal a hidden meaning George Orwell's <i>Animal Farm</i> is an allegory for political corruption.	A process or set of rules to be followed in calculations or problem-solving Search engines use complex algorithms to rank web pages.
Originating in human activity Anthropogenic factors are the primary cause of global warming.	To examine something in detail in order to understand it or draw conclusions Researchers analyze data to identify trends in consumer behavior.	Open to more than one interpretation; not having one obvious meaning The ambiguous wording of the contract led to a legal dispute.
The right or condition of self-government; freedom from external control The region gained greater autonomy after the constitutional reform.	Having the freedom to act independently; self-governing Autonomous vehicles are expected to transform urban transportation.	To absorb and integrate people, ideas, or culture into a wider society Immigrants often face challenges as they assimilate into a new culture.
A system of government where most decisions are made by officials rather than elected representatives Excessive bureaucracy can slow down the implementation of new policies.	The variety of plant and animal life in a particular habitat Protecting biodiversity is crucial for maintaining healthy ecosystems.	The maximum rate of data transfer across a given path Increasing bandwidth is essential for supporting high-definition streaming.

catalyst noun	chronic adjective	cohesion noun
commodity noun	comprehensive adjective	congenital adjective
consensus noun	conservation noun	contemporary adjective
corroborate verb	deforestation noun	degradation noun
demographic adjective	depict verb	depreciation noun

The action or fact of forming a united whole Social cohesion is vital for maintaining a stable community.	Persisting for a long time or constantly recurring Chronic stress has been linked to a variety of health problems.	A substance that increases the rate of a chemical reaction; something that causes an important event The enzyme acts as a catalyst in the digestive process.
Present from birth, especially relating to a disease or physical abnormality Congenital heart defects are the most common type of birth defect.	Including all or nearly all elements or aspects of something The professor provided a comprehensive review of the literature on climate change.	A raw material or primary agricultural product that can be bought and sold Oil remains one of the most traded commodities in the world.
Living or occurring at the same time; belonging to the present time Contemporary art challenges traditional notions of beauty.	Prevention of wasteful use of a resource; preservation of natural environments Wildlife conservation efforts have helped increase the panda population.	A general agreement among a group of people The committee reached a consensus on the new environmental policy.
The condition or process of degrading or being degraded; deterioration Soil degradation from intensive farming reduces crop yields over time.	The action of clearing a wide area of trees Deforestation in the Amazon threatens countless species of wildlife.	To confirm or give support to a statement, theory, or finding Additional experiments corroborated the initial findings of the study.
A reduction in the value of an asset over time Currency depreciation made imports significantly more expensive.	To show or represent by a drawing, painting, or other art form The mural depicts scenes from the country's revolutionary history.	Relating to the structure of populations Demographic changes are reshaping the workforce in many countries.

diagnosis noun	disparity noun	diversify verb
ecosystem noun	egalitarian adjective	eloquent adjective
emissions noun	empirical adjective	encryption noun
entrepreneur noun	epidemic noun	equilibrium noun
erosion noun	evocative adjective	fiscal adjective

To make or become more varied or diverse The company decided to diversify its product line to reduce risk.	A great difference between things Income disparity between urban and rural areas continues to grow.	The identification of the nature of an illness or other problem Early diagnosis of cancer significantly increases survival rates.
Fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing Martin Luther King Jr. was known for his eloquent speeches on civil rights.	Relating to or believing in the principle that all people are equal Scandinavian countries are often cited as examples of egalitarian societies.	A biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment Coral reefs are among the most diverse ecosystems on the planet.
The process of converting information into code to prevent unauthorized access End-to-end encryption ensures that only the sender and receiver can read messages.	Based on observation or experience rather than theory or pure logic The study relied on empirical evidence gathered from field observations.	The production and discharge of something, especially gas or radiation Reducing carbon emissions is critical to combating climate change.
A state in which opposing forces or influences are balanced The chemical reaction eventually reached a state of equilibrium.	A widespread occurrence of an infectious disease in a community The obesity epidemic affects millions of people worldwide.	A person who organizes and operates a business, taking on financial risk The young entrepreneur launched three successful startups before age thirty.
Relating to government revenue, especially taxes The government implemented strict fiscal policies to reduce the deficit.	Bringing strong images, memories, or feelings to mind The photographer captured evocative images of life in rural communities.	The gradual destruction or diminution of something Coastal erosion has accelerated due to rising sea levels.

fundamental adjective	hypothesis noun	ideology noun
immunization noun	implication noun	indigenous adjective
infrastructure noun	innovative adjective	interoperability noun
leverage verb	lucrative adjective	marginalize verb
methodology noun	mitigate verb	monopoly noun

A system of ideas and ideals forming the basis of economic or political theory Political ideology influences how people interpret social issues.	A proposed explanation made on the basis of limited evidence as a starting point for investigation The researcher formulated a hypothesis to explain the unexpected results.	Forming a necessary base or core; of central importance Understanding grammar is fundamental to learning a new language.
Originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native Many indigenous species are threatened by habitat destruction.	A conclusion that can be drawn from something although it is not explicitly stated The implications of this research extend far beyond the academic community.	The action of making a person immune to infection Childhood immunization programs have dramatically reduced infectious diseases.
The ability of different systems to work together Interoperability between medical systems improves patient care.	Featuring new methods; advanced and original The company is known for its innovative approach to product design.	The basic physical and organizational structures needed for society to operate Investment in infrastructure is essential for economic growth.
To treat a person or group as insignificant or peripheral Economic policies can inadvertently marginalize vulnerable communities.	Producing a great deal of profit The technology sector offers many lucrative career opportunities.	To use something to maximum advantage Companies leverage technology to improve customer experience.
The exclusive possession or control of the supply of a commodity or service Antitrust laws aim to prevent monopolies that harm consumers.	To make less severe, serious, or painful Planting trees can help mitigate the effects of urban heat islands.	A system of methods used in a particular area of study or activity The methodology section describes how the experiment was conducted.

mutation noun	narrative noun	nuance noun
obsolete adjective	optimize verb	outsource verb
paradigm noun	pathogen noun	phenomenon noun
photosynthesis noun	pollutant noun	pragmatic adjective
prevalence noun	prevalent adjective	prognosis noun

A subtle difference in or shade of meaning, expression, or sound The nuances of the original text were lost in translation.	A spoken or written account of connected events; a story The documentary presents a compelling narrative about migration.	A change in the structure of a gene resulting in a variant form A single genetic mutation can significantly alter an organism's characteristics.
To obtain goods or services from an outside supplier Many companies outsource customer support to reduce operational costs.	To make the best or most effective use of a situation or resource Engineers optimize software to run faster and use less memory.	No longer produced or used; out of date Rapid technological change can make devices obsolete within a few years.
A fact or situation observed to exist or happen, especially one whose cause is in question Scientists are still trying to explain this unusual natural phenomenon.	A bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that can cause disease Researchers identified the pathogen responsible for the outbreak.	A typical example or pattern of something; a model The discovery of DNA created a new paradigm in biological research.
Dealing with things sensibly and realistically rather than ideologically The government adopted a pragmatic approach to immigration reform.	A substance that pollutes something, especially water or the atmosphere Industrial pollutants are a major threat to freshwater ecosystems.	The process by which green plants use sunlight to synthesize foods from carbon dioxide and water Photosynthesis is essential for producing the oxygen we breathe.
The likely course of a disease or ailment; a forecast The doctor gave a favorable prognosis after reviewing the test results.	Widespread in a particular area or at a particular time Misinformation is prevalent on social media platforms.	The fact or condition of being prevalent; commonness The prevalence of diabetes has increased significantly in recent decades.

proliferate verb	proliferation noun	prototype noun
rehabilitation noun	renewable adjective	replenish verb
rhetoric noun	satirical adjective	scalable adjective
sedentary adjective	sequestration noun	specimen noun
stratification noun	subsequent adjective	subsidize verb

A first or preliminary model of something from which other forms are developed The engineering team built a prototype to test the new design concept.	Rapid increase in numbers or spread The proliferation of social media platforms has changed how people communicate.	To increase rapidly in numbers; multiply Bacteria can proliferate quickly in warm, moist environments.
To fill something up again; to restore to a former level or condition Rainfall helps replenish the groundwater supply during the wet season.	Capable of being replaced by natural processes; not depleted when used Renewable energy sources like solar and wind power are becoming more affordable.	The action of restoring someone to health through training and therapy Physical rehabilitation helped the athlete recover from the knee injury.
Able to be changed in size or scale; capable of growing Cloud computing provides a scalable solution for growing businesses.	Using humor, irony, or exaggeration to expose and criticize The satirical cartoon mocked the government's response to the crisis.	The art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing Political rhetoric often simplifies complex issues for public consumption.
An individual animal, plant, or piece of a mineral used as an example for study The biologist collected several specimens for laboratory analysis.	The process of storing carbon dioxide to prevent it from entering the atmosphere Carbon sequestration technologies are being developed to reduce greenhouse gases.	Tending to spend much time seated; somewhat inactive A sedentary lifestyle increases the risk of cardiovascular disease.
To support an organization or activity financially The government subsidizes renewable energy projects to promote clean power.	Coming after something in time; following The initial experiment and subsequent trials confirmed the hypothesis.	The arrangement of something into groups or layers Social stratification affects access to education and healthcare.

sustainable adjective	symbiosis noun	symbolism noun
symptomatic adjective	synthesize verb	terrestrial adjective
therapeutic adjective	ubiquitous adjective	vernacular noun
volatile adjective	learn verb	online adjective
time noun	work noun	person noun

The use of symbols to represent ideas or qualities The use of color symbolism in the painting conveys deep emotional meaning.	Interaction between two organisms living in close association, typically to the advantage of both The relationship between clownfish and sea anemones is an example of symbiosis.	Able to be maintained without depleting resources Sustainable farming practices help preserve soil quality for future generations.
Of, on, or relating to the earth; living on land rather than in water Terrestrial ecosystems face different challenges than marine ones.	To combine different ideas, influences, or things to make a whole Students must synthesize information from multiple sources in their essays.	Showing symptoms of a particular disease or condition Some patients remain asymptomatic while others become symptomatic within days.
The language or dialect spoken by the ordinary people in a particular region The novel is written in the vernacular of the American South.	Present, appearing, or found everywhere Smartphones have become ubiquitous in modern society.	Relating to the healing of disease; having a good effect on the body or mind Music therapy has proven therapeutic benefits for patients with dementia.
connected to or available through the internet	gain knowledge or skill through study or experience	Liable to change rapidly and unpredictably; easily evaporated at normal temperatures Volatile compounds in the atmosphere contribute to air pollution.
a single human being	activity involving effort to achieve a purpose	a period during which something happens or continues

provide verb	want verb	traditional adjective
new adjective	infer verb	think verb
leave verb	long adjective	effective adjective
change verb	study verb	classroom noun
offer verb	week noun	help verb

following customs or beliefs passed down over generations	have a desire to possess or do something	give something needed or useful to someone
use one's mind to form ideas or judgments	reach a conclusion based on evidence and reasoning	recently made, created, or discovered
producing the intended result successfully	having great length or duration	go away from a place or person
a room in a school where lessons take place	devote time and attention to gaining knowledge on a subject	make or become different in some way
give assistance or support to someone	a period of seven consecutive days	present something for someone to accept or refuse

ACADEMIC GENERAL — WORDS EVERY SUBJECT USES — CARDS 1–15 (FRONT)

learn verb	time noun	work noun
person noun	provide verb	want verb
traditional adjective	move verb	new adjective
infer verb	open adjective	think verb
leave verb	day noun	effective adjective

activity involving effort to achieve a purpose	a period during which something happens or continues	gain knowledge or skill through study or experience
have a desire to possess or do something	give something needed or useful to someone	a single human being
recently made, created, or discovered	change position or location from one place to another	following customs or beliefs passed down over generations
use one's mind to form ideas or judgments	not closed, allowing access or entry	reach a conclusion based on evidence and reasoning
producing the intended result successfully	a period of twenty-four hours	go away from a place or person

ACADEMIC GENERAL — WORDS EVERY SUBJECT USES — CARDS 16–30 (FRONT)

study verb	bring verb	classroom noun
closest adjective	week noun	help verb
stay verb	allow verb	access noun
early adjective	today adverb	year noun
main adjective	live verb	come verb

a room in a school where lessons take place	carry or take something to a place or person	devote time and attention to gaining knowledge on a subject
give assistance or support to someone	a period of seven consecutive days	nearest in distance, time, or relationship
ability or right to enter, use, or obtain something.	let something happen or give permission for it.	remain in one place or condition without leaving.
period of twelve months.	on this present day.	happening before the usual or expected time.
move toward a place or person.	be alive or have one's home somewhere.	most important or largest part of something.

ACADEMIC GENERAL — WORDS EVERY SUBJECT USES — CARDS 31–45 (FRONT)

class noun	believe verb	understand verb
single adjective	hour noun	experience noun
room noun	add verb	return verb
start verb	resource noun	show verb
please adverb	pace noun	place noun

grasp the meaning or nature of something.	accept something as true without full proof.	group of students taught together, or a category.
knowledge or skill gained from doing or observing something.	period of sixty minutes.	only one, not accompanied by others.
come or go back to an earlier place or state.	combine one thing with another to increase total.	enclosed space within a building, or available space.
Make something visible or demonstrate a fact.	Something useful that can be drawn on when needed.	Begin doing something or come into existence.
Particular location or position.	Speed at which something moves or happens.	Word used to make a request polite.

ACADEMIC GENERAL — WORDS EVERY SUBJECT USES — CARDS 46–60 (FRONT)

find verb	ask verb	close verb
carry verb	run verb	staff noun
food noun	campus noun	turn verb
group noun	skill noun	shift noun
hold verb	plan noun	happen verb

Shut something, or being near in distance or relationship.	Put a question to someone or request something.	Discover something after searching or by chance.
Group of people employed by an organization.	Move quickly on foot, or operate a system.	Support and move something from one place to another.
To change direction or rotate.	Grounds and buildings of a university or college.	Substance eaten to keep living things alive.
A change in position, direction, or condition.	An ability gained through practice or training.	A number of people or things gathered together.
occur or take place, especially without being planned.	a detailed proposal for achieving something in future.	grasp or keep something in place using hands or force.

notice verb	require verb	book verb
whole adjective	researcher noun	replace verb
minute noun	additional adjective	morning noun
in-person adjective	schedule noun	note noun
quick adjective	wide adjective	cover verb

reserve a place, seat, or service in advance.	need something as necessary or essential.	become aware of something through observation.
put something new in place of another.	someone who studies a subject carefully to discover new facts.	complete, with all parts included.
early part of day before noon.	extra or added to what already exists.	a unit of time equal to sixty seconds.
short written message or record of information.	planned list of times for events or tasks.	happening with people physically present together.
put something over an object to protect or hide it.	measuring a large distance from side to side.	happening or moving fast, taking little time.

idea noun	engage verb	clear adjective
face-to-face adjective	purpose noun	course noun
crucial adjective	park noun	simply adverb
available adjective	library noun	home noun
high adjective	month noun	reach verb

easy to see, hear, or understand	become involved with or attract attention of someone	thought or plan formed in the mind.
series of lessons or path taken over time	reason for which something exists or is done	in person, directly meeting another person
in an easy, plain, or uncomplicated way	public area with grass and trees for leisure	extremely important, necessary for success
place where someone lives	building holding collection of books for reading or borrowing	able to be obtained, used, or accessed
arrive at or stretch out to touch something	one of twelve divisions of a calendar year	extending far upward or great in degree

actual adjective	immediate adjective	lack noun
remain verb	number noun	pass verb
line noun	supply noun	enhance verb
method noun	desk noun	stop verb
fill verb	session noun	create verb

state of not having enough of something	happening or done right away	existing in fact, not imagined or planned
to move by or beyond something	mathematical value used for counting or calculating	to continue existing or staying in same state
to improve quality, value, or attractiveness of something	amount of something available for use	long thin mark or row of people or things
cease moving or doing something.	flat table for writing or working, often with drawers.	particular way of doing something
bring something new into existence.	period of time devoted to particular activity.	make something full by putting content into it.

problem noun	information noun	motivate verb
range noun	event noun	full adjective
ground noun	service noun	distant adjective
front noun	certain adjective	real adjective
common adjective	feedback noun	include verb

To give someone a reason or desire to act.	Facts or details told or discovered about something.	difficult situation needing a solution.
Containing as much as possible; not empty.	Something that happens, especially one of importance.	A set of different things of the same general type.
Far away in space or time.	Help or work provided for someone by another party.	The solid surface of the earth.
actually existing, not imagined or false	Known for sure; without doubt.	The part facing forward or first in position.
To have something as a part of a whole.	Comments or reactions given about someone's work or performance.	Found or occurring often; shared by many.

meaning noun	look verb	right adjective
build verb	print verb	point noun
develop verb	quiet adjective	fall verb
century noun	practice noun	subject noun
reshape verb	standard noun	style noun

Correct or morally acceptable.	Direct one's eyes toward something to see it.	what something is intended to express or represent.
a specific idea, fact, or particular moment.	produce text or images on paper using a machine.	construct something by putting parts together.
drop down toward the ground unintentionally	making little or no noise	grow or change gradually into a more advanced state.
topic being discussed or studied.	repeated activity done to improve a skill.	period of one hundred years
a particular way of doing, making, or expressing something	a level of quality or a rule used to judge or measure things	To change the form or nature of something.

join verb	perfect adjective	design noun
modern adjective	ancient adjective	gradually adverb
art noun	music noun	key adjective
picture noun	hand noun	rate noun
language noun	wall noun	draw verb

a plan or drawing made to show how something will look or work	having no faults or flaws, exactly right	to become a member of a group or connect with something
happening slowly over a period of time	belonging to a time long past in history	relating to present or recent times
Most important or essential factor.	organized sound created for enjoyment	creative work expressing ideas or beauty
a measure or amount of something compared to another	the part of the body at the end of the arm used for holding	an image made by a camera, painting, or drawing
to make a picture using pencil or pen	upright structure enclosing or dividing space	system of words used for communication

spot noun	figure noun	seat noun
story noun	trust noun	paint noun
artist noun	workshop noun	flat adjective
image noun	scene noun	cut verb
earn verb	invention noun	credit noun

place for sitting, such as a chair	a number or shape, or an important person	particular place or a small mark
colored liquid applied to a surface for decoration	firm belief in reliability of someone.	account of events, real or imagined
Having a smooth, level surface without bumps.	session where people learn a skill through practice	person who creates paintings, music, or other creative work
divide something using a sharp tool	place where an event happens, or part of a play	visual representation or picture of something
recognition given for achievement, or borrowed money arrangement	something new created or designed for the first time	receive money in return for work done

direction noun	middle noun	tall adjective
vanish verb	film noun	designer noun
eye noun	perspective noun	powerful adjective
stage noun	technique noun	busy adjective
explanation noun	master verb	cultural adjective

having greater than average height	the point equally distant from the edges of something	the course or path something moves or points toward
Person who plans how something will look or function.	Moving picture shown at a cinema or on screen.	disappear suddenly and completely
having great strength, influence, or effect	particular way of viewing or thinking about something	Body part used for seeing.
occupied with lots of activity or tasks	particular method used to perform a task skillfully	particular period or step in a process
relating to shared customs, arts, and beliefs of a society	to gain complete skill or control over something	a statement that makes something clear

historical adjective	dismiss verb	electric adjective
scale noun	audience noun	medieval adjective
observation noun	rich adjective	cue noun
song noun	reward noun	craft verb
judge verb	label noun	moment noun

powered by or relating to electricity	refuse to consider something seriously	relating to events or people from the past
Relating to the historical period between roughly the 5th and 15th centuries in Europe.	A group of people gathered to watch or listen to something.	size or extent of something compared to others
signal prompting someone to act or speak	Having a large amount of money or valuable resources.	The act of carefully watching something to gather information.
make something skillfully, especially by hand.	something given in return for good behavior or effort	short piece of music with lyrics sung aloud
very brief period of time.	small tag attached to an item showing information about it.	form an opinion about someone or something after consideration.

convince verb	divide verb	harbor noun
labor noun	minor adjective	movie noun
painter noun	panel noun	patient adjective
smooth adjective	plot noun	rhythm noun
shot noun	bold adjective	emotion noun

sheltered area of water where ships dock	split something into separate parts	cause someone to believe or agree with something
film shown for entertainment.	not very serious or important.	physical or mental work performed
able to wait calmly without complaint; also person under medical care.	flat section of a surface, or group of experts.	person who creates pictures or coats walls with color.
Regular repeated pattern of sound or movement, especially in music.	sequence of events in a story, or small piece of land	having an even surface without bumps
strong feeling such as joy, anger, or fear	confident and willing to take risks	Act of firing a weapon or attempting to hit a target.

player noun	tension noun	theater noun
visual adjective	admire verb	convey verb
exaggerated adjective	historian noun	loose adjective
portrait noun	position noun	serious adjective
shimmering adjective	wooden adjective	thread noun

building where plays or performances happen	state of mental strain or unresolved conflict	person who takes part in a game or sport
communicate or make an idea known to others	regard someone or something with great respect	relating to seeing or sight
Not firmly fixed or fitted; not tight.	Person who studies past events professionally.	Made to seem larger or more extreme than reality.
requiring careful thought or causing concern	place where someone or something is located.	picture of a person, especially of their face.
thin strand of twisted fiber used for sewing	made from the material of trees	shining with a soft, flickering light

arch noun	drama noun	instrument noun
silent adjective	singer noun	melody noun
painting noun	sing verb	studio noun
approved adjective	beauty noun	black-and-white adjective
character noun	choir noun	depth noun

tool used for precise work or making music	serious play performed on stage or screen	curved structure supporting weight above an opening
sequence of musical notes that forms a tune	A person who performs songs with their voice.	Making no sound at all.
room or building used for creating art, music, or film	produce musical sounds with one's voice	picture created using colored substances applied to a surface
having only two colors, no gray shades, or overly simple in judgment	quality of being pleasing to look at	officially accepted or agreed to as satisfactory
distance from top surface downward	organized group of singers performing together	combination of qualities that form someone's nature, or a person in a story

BUSINESS — WORDS FOR MARKETS, WORK AND MONEY — CARDS 1-15 (FRONT)

offer verb	good adjective	final adjective
cost noun	direct adjective	office noun
job noun	limit noun	shape noun
matter noun	card noun	pay verb
check verb	extra adjective	price noun

coming at the end of a series or process.	having positive or desirable qualities.	present something for someone to accept or refuse
room or building where people do administrative work.	going straight to a place or point without detour.	amount of money needed to buy or do something.
outward form or outline of an object	greatest amount or extent allowed	regular paid work someone does for a living.
to give money for goods or services	small stiff piece of paper or plastic used for various purposes	physical substance that occupies space
amount of money needed to buy something	additional to what is usual or expected	to examine something for accuracy or condition

member noun	travel verb	coordinator noun
reserve verb	large adjective	save verb
fee noun	demand noun	setting noun
charge noun	item noun	trade noun
business noun	company noun	review noun

person who organizes different parts of an activity to work together.	go from one place to another, often far away.	person who belongs to a group or organization
keep something safe or store it for later.	big in size or amount.	arrange to keep something for later use.
place and circumstances where something happens	strong request or need for something	Money paid for a service or privilege.
the buying and selling of goods or services	a single object or thing in a list or collection	amount of money asked for goods or service
careful examination or assessment of something.	organization that sells goods or services to earn money.	activity of buying and selling goods or services for profit.

spring noun	worker noun	money noun
raise verb	market noun	season noun
advantage noun	higher adjective	team noun
exchange verb	cloth noun	apply verb
fund noun	increase verb	lower verb

coins or notes used to buy things	person who does a job for pay	season between winter and summer when plants grow again.
one of four yearly divisions with distinct weather	place or system for buying and selling	lift something up or increase amount
Group of people working together toward shared goal.	Greater in level, amount, or position.	favorable condition that helps success
to make a formal request for something, such as a job	material made from woven fibers used for clothing or covering	Give something and receive something else in return.
move or bring something down	become or make greater in size or amount	an amount of money saved or collected for a specific purpose

receive verb	worth adjective	buy verb
application noun	tend verb	neighbor noun
rough adjective	serve verb	handle verb
load noun	prioritize verb	request verb
remote adjective	cheap adjective	economy noun

to get something by paying money	having value equal to a certain amount	get or accept something given or sent
person living next door or nearby	to be likely to behave or happen in a certain way	formal request for a job, place, or permission
deal with or manage a situation.	provide help, food, or a service to someone	having uneven or bumpy surface, not smooth
ask politely for something	arrange tasks by order of importance.	amount carried or placed onto something.
The system of trade, industry, and money in a place.	costing little money	far away in distance or location

employee noun	interest noun	manage verb
sell verb	manager noun	customer noun
board noun	original adjective	accept verb
activity noun	cafe noun	concern noun
convenience noun	opportunity noun	prefer verb

To be in charge of or successfully handle something.	A feeling of wanting to know or learn more about something.	A person who is paid to work for a company or person.
person who buys goods or services from a business	person who controls or organizes a business or team	To give something to someone in exchange for money.
agree to take or receive something offered	existing from the beginning, not copied	flat piece of material, or group managing an organization
feeling of worry about something important	small restaurant serving light meals and drinks	action done for enjoyment or a specific purpose
to like one option more than another	a favorable chance to do something	quality of being easy or useful for someone

tailor verb	valuable adjective	crop noun
deposit noun	dollar noun	poor adjective
promise noun	attach verb	attract verb
career noun	collaborate verb	department noun
discount noun	instant adjective	shopper noun

a plant grown in large amounts for food or use	worth a lot of money or very useful	adjust something to fit specific needs
Having very little money or few resources.	Unit of currency used in the US and other countries.	money placed into an account or given as partial payment
cause someone or something to be drawn near	fasten or connect one thing to another	firm statement that one will do something
a division within an organization or store	work jointly with others toward shared goal	occupation pursued for significant part of life
person who buys goods from stores	happening immediately without delay	a reduction in the usual price

spend verb	stand verb	upward adverb
gold noun	plus adverb	sale noun
deliver verb	economic adjective	budget noun
buyer noun	cash noun	commute verb
step noun	total noun	apprentice noun

moving or pointing toward higher position	be in upright position on one's feet	use money or time on something
act of exchanging goods for money	added to or combined with something else	valuable yellow metal used in jewelry and coins
A plan for how money will be spent over a period of time.	relating to trade, industry, and money management	bring goods or messages to a specified place
To travel regularly between home and a place of work.	Money in the form of coins or banknotes.	A person who purchases goods or services.
person learning a trade under a skilled worker	complete amount when everything added together	one movement of foot when walking

bank noun	purchase verb	abroad adverb
efficient adjective	factory noun	monthly adjective
product noun	production noun	receipt noun
climb verb	critic noun	economics noun
encourage verb	global adjective	grant noun

in or to a foreign country	act of buying something	institution that holds and manages money
happening or done once every month.	building where goods are manufactured in large quantities.	working well without wasting time or resources.
printed slip confirming a purchase was made.	process of manufacturing or creating goods.	item made or grown to be sold.
study of how goods and money are produced and used	person who judges or evaluates artistic work	move upward, often using hands and feet
sum of money given for specific purpose	relating to whole world	give someone confidence or support to do something

change verb	water noun	environment noun
grow verb	building noun	slow adjective
plant noun	different adjective	meet verb
tool noun	air noun	arrive verb
field noun	release verb	lock noun

Natural world or surrounding conditions in which something exists.	clear liquid needed for drinking and life.	make or become different in some way
Taking a long time; not fast.	Structure with walls and a roof, like a house.	Increase in size or develop over time.
come together with someone at a particular place or time.	not the same as another thing or person.	A living organism that grows in soil, typically with leaves.
reach a place after traveling	mixture of gases surrounding earth that we breathe	device or instrument used to perform a task.
device that fastens something shut and needs key to open.	let something go free or make it available.	open area of land used for farming or sport.

reduce verb	difficult adjective	soil noun
benefit noun	region noun	support verb
warm adjective	borrow verb	fully adverb
level noun	land noun	sea noun
rain noun	condition noun	population noun

loose material on earth's surface where plants grow	Hard to do, understand, or deal with.	make something smaller in size or amount.
to give help, encouragement, or approval to someone.	large area of land with particular boundaries or features.	an advantage or helpful effect gained from something
to the greatest possible degree or extent	to take something with intent to return it later	having a moderately high temperature
large body of salt water smaller than an ocean	the solid part of earth's surface not covered by water	a particular height, amount, or standard reached
total number of people living in an area	state something is in or a requirement that must be met	water falling from clouds in drops

tight adjective	river noun	green adjective
tree noun	protect verb	reflect verb
climate noun	low adjective	waste verb
countless adjective	thrive verb	root noun
drain verb	environmental adjective	fish noun

concerned with protecting natural environment.	large natural stream of flowing water	fitting closely or held firmly
throw back light, heat, or an image from a surface	keep someone or something safe from harm	tall plant with a trunk, branches, and leaves
To use something carelessly without a good purpose.	Not high; close to the ground or a small amount.	typical weather conditions of a region over time
underground part of plant that absorbs water	To grow, develop, or succeed very well.	Too many to be counted; very numerous.
cold-blooded animal that lives and breathes in water	relating to the natural world and its conditions	cause liquid to flow away gradually

slope noun	hunt verb	loss noun
ripple noun	wash verb	bin noun
seed noun	desert noun	dry adjective
predator noun	bare adjective	broad adjective
connection noun	disappear verb	habitat noun

the state of no longer having something	to search carefully for something	surface that is higher at one end than other
a container used for holding waste or storing items	clean something using water	a small wave or spreading effect from a central point
Having little or no moisture or liquid.	Large area of dry land with little rainfall or plant life.	a small plant part from which a new plant grows
large in range, scope, or width	not covered or decorated in any way	Animal that hunts and eats other animals for food.
the natural environment where a species lives	stop being visible or cease to exist	a link or relationship between two things

harsh adjective	introduce verb	preserve verb
respond verb	grass noun	flower noun
summer noun	lake noun	winter noun
bury verb	farming noun	damage noun
effort noun	surrounding adjective	wave noun

keep something safe from harm or decay	present someone or something for the first time	unpleasantly severe or rough
colorful part of a plant that produces seeds	green plant covering ground in lawns and fields	give an answer or reaction to something
coldest season of the year	large area of water surrounded by land	warmest season of the year between spring and autumn
Physical harm that reduces the value or usefulness of something.	practice of growing crops and raising animals	put something under the ground and cover it
moving ridge of water on sea surface	existing on all sides of something	Physical or mental energy used to achieve something.

wood noun	plastic noun	sand noun
defense noun	garden noun	rural adjective
sort noun	recycle verb	alternative noun
counter verb	ecosystem noun	expand verb
farmer noun	flood noun	priority noun

loose grains found on beaches and deserts	synthetic material that can be molded into shapes	hard material from trunk of a tree
relating to countryside rather than cities	piece of land used for growing plants	act of protecting against attack or harm
another option that can be chosen instead of something else.	process used materials so they can be reused.	type or category of something
become larger in size or amount	A biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment Coral reefs are among the most diverse ecosystems on the planet.	act or speak in opposition to something
thing treated as more important than others.	overflow of water covering normally dry land	person who grows crops or raises animals for a living

shrink verb	coral noun	reef noun
tower noun	forest noun	salt noun
cleanup noun	weather noun	cleaner noun
coast noun	coastal adjective	coastline noun
erode verb	harvest verb	mountain noun

ridge of rock or coral near the ocean surface	hard colorful substance formed by tiny sea creatures	become smaller in size or amount
White crystalline substance used to season or preserve food.	Large area covered mostly with trees.	tall narrow structure standing much higher than its base width
person whose job is to clean buildings	Daily state of atmosphere including temperature, rain, and wind.	Process of removing dirt or clearing an area of mess.
outline of land where it meets sea	located near or relating to shore of sea	land area next to sea
Very tall natural landform rising high above surrounding area.	Gather crops when ripe.	Wear away gradually over time.

mud noun	patch noun	pest noun
refuse verb	shore noun	storm noun
unfamiliar adjective	unravel verb	wetland noun
glacier noun	delta noun	debris noun
discarded adjective	expose verb	herd noun

insect or animal that damages crops or is a nuisance.	small piece used to cover or repair a hole.	Soft wet earth or dirt.
a period of violent weather with strong wind and rain	the land along the edge of a sea or lake	say no to something offered or requested.
area of land that is often flooded and covered with shallow water	to undo something twisted or tangled, or solve a mystery	not previously known or experienced
scattered broken pieces left after destruction	landform where a river splits and meets the sea	huge mass of ice that moves slowly over land
large group of animals that live and feed together	uncover something hidden or reveal it to view or danger	Thrown away because no longer needed.

sign noun	night noun	spread verb
suggest verb	health noun	drink verb
repair verb	play verb	stress noun
brain noun	appointment noun	disease noun
fragile adjective	meal noun	mental adjective

extend or distribute over a wider area.	dark period between evening and morning.	symbol or notice giving information or instruction.
consume liquid by swallowing	the condition of a person's body or mind	put forward an idea for consideration
mental or emotional strain from pressure	engage in activity for enjoyment	Restore something damaged to good condition.
illness affecting body or mind	arranged meeting at fixed time	organ inside skull controlling thought and body
relating to the mind rather than the body	Food eaten at a particular time, such as breakfast or dinner.	easily broken or damaged.

affect verb	rapid adjective	head noun
healthcare noun	active adjective	cheaper adjective
long-term adjective	sleep verb	dead adjective
gym noun	diet noun	isolation noun
predictable adjective	allergy noun	breathe verb

Top part of the body containing the brain and face.	happening in a short amount of time	cause change in something or someone
costing less money than an alternative	engaging in physical movement or constant action	Organized services and treatment provided to keep people well.
no longer alive or functioning	natural state of rest with closed eyes and reduced awareness	extending over or lasting a great deal of time
state of being separated or alone	food a person or animal usually eats	place equipped for physical exercise and training
take air into and let it out of lungs	bad bodily reaction to certain foods or substances	able to be known in advance based on patterns.

clinic noun	emergency noun	fitness noun
medical adjective	nut noun	prevent verb
skin noun	aging noun	dairy adjective
healthy adjective	panic noun	sick adjective
suffering noun	tooth noun	well-being noun

Physical health and strength condition.	Sudden serious situation needing quick action.	place where people get medical treatment
stop something from happening.	Hard-shelled fruit or seed with edible center.	Relating to treatment of illness or injury.
relating to milk and products made from it	process of growing older over time	outer layer covering the body of a person or animal
suffering from illness	Sudden strong feeling of fear that stops clear thinking.	in good physical or mental condition
State of being healthy, happy, and comfortable.	hard white structure in the mouth used for chewing	state of experiencing pain or hardship

drug noun	telemedicine noun	consultation noun
medication noun	outbreak noun	prevention noun
yoga noun	adequate adjective	chronic adjective
congenital adjective	consent noun	diagnosis noun
distribute verb	epidemic noun	evident adjective

meeting to discuss and get advice.	medical care given remotely using communication technology.	A substance used to treat illness or affect the body.
act of stopping something from happening	sudden start of something harmful, like disease	substance used to treat illness
Persisting for a long time or constantly recurring Chronic stress has been linked to a variety of health problems.	Enough in quantity or good enough in quality. The hospital did not have adequate staff to handle the sudden rise in patients.	system of exercises for physical and mental wellbeing
The identification of the nature of an illness or other problem Early diagnosis of cancer significantly increases survival rates.	permission given for something to happen or be done Researchers must obtain informed consent from every participant before beginning the study.	Present from birth, especially relating to a disease or physical abnormality Congenital heart defects are the most common type of birth defect.
Clearly seen or understood without needing further explanation. The benefits of regular exercise became evident after just a few weeks of practice.	A widespread occurrence of an infectious disease in a community The obesity epidemic affects millions of people worldwide.	To give or spread something out among a group of people. The government plans to distribute vaccines to rural clinics within the next month.

identify verb	immunization noun	injure verb
pathogen noun	prevalence noun	prognosis noun
promote verb	psychology noun	rehabilitation noun
sedentary adjective	symptomatic adjective	therapeutic adjective

cause physical harm or damage to a person or body part The athlete injured her knee during the final match of the season.	The action of making a person immune to infection Childhood immunization programs have dramatically reduced infectious diseases.	To recognize or determine what something is. Doctors must identify the underlying cause before prescribing an effective treatment plan.
The likely course of a disease or ailment; a forecast The doctor gave a favorable prognosis after reviewing the test results.	The fact or condition of being prevalent; commonness The prevalence of diabetes has increased significantly in recent decades.	A bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that can cause disease Researchers identified the pathogen responsible for the outbreak.
The action of restoring someone to health through training and therapy Physical rehabilitation helped the athlete recover from the knee injury.	scientific study of the human mind and behavior. Her course in psychology examined how memory changes throughout human development.	to actively support or encourage the growth or success of something The campaign aims to promote healthier eating habits among teenagers.
Relating to the healing of disease; having a good effect on the body or mind Music therapy has proven therapeutic benefits for patients with dementia.	Showing symptoms of a particular disease or condition Some patients remain asymptomatic while others become symptomatic within days.	Tending to spend much time seated; somewhat inactive A sedentary lifestyle increases the risk of cardiovascular disease.

in some circumstances this can	it appears that	the evidence suggests that
this may partly explain why	in my view	inclined to think that
my own position is that	what strikes me most is	as a consequence of
one factor behind this is	this gives rise to	this in turn leads to
by contrast	the alternative would	this is at odds with

Softening a claim — Reporting what data shows without overstating it. The evidence suggests that small groups improve retention.	Softening a claim — Stating an impression you have not fully verified. It appears that younger students adapt to the format more quickly.	Softening a claim — Admitting your claim does not hold everywhere. In some circumstances this can discourage weaker students entirely.
Marking your own position — Taking a position you hold but hold loosely. I am inclined to think that the cost argument settles the question.	Marking your own position — Marking an opinion as yours so it is not read as fact. In my view, the timetable matters more than the teaching format.	Softening a claim — Offering a reason you cannot prove is the only one. This may partly explain why attendance fell in the second semester.
Linking cause and effect — Naming a result and its cause in one clause. As a consequence of the funding cut, two modules were withdrawn.	Marking your own position — Highlighting the point you personally find decisive. What strikes me most is how little the two groups actually differ.	Marking your own position — Separating your view from the ones you have just reported. My own position is that both formats should remain available.
Linking cause and effect — Building a chain of consequences rather than a list. Fees rise, and this in turn leads to more students working part-time.	Linking cause and effect — Showing that one situation produces another. This gives rise to a workload that few students can sustain.	Linking cause and effect — Offering one cause while implying there are others. One factor behind this is the cost of campus accommodation.
Marking a contrast — Noting that evidence contradicts a stated position. This is at odds with what the enrolment figures actually show.	Marking a contrast — Setting out the option you are arguing against. The alternative would require every department to rebuild its timetable.	Marking a contrast — Turning from one case to an opposite one. Seminar attendance held steady; lecture attendance, by contrast, halved.

this stands in tension with	a further consideration is	finally, and most significantly
more importantly	to begin with	as the previous speaker noted
critics counter that	it is often claimed that	proponents of this view hold that

Ordering your points — Closing a list with the point you want remembered. Finally, and most significantly, the change would save no money at all.	Ordering your points — Adding a point that is genuinely additional, not a repeat. A further consideration is the effect on part-time teaching staff.	Marking a contrast — Pointing out that two claims cannot both be fully right. This stands in tension with the earlier point about student autonomy.
Reporting someone else's view — Crediting a classmate before you build on their point. As the previous speaker noted, the cost falls unevenly across years.	Ordering your points — Opening the first of several points. To begin with, the proposal assumes every student owns a laptop.	Ordering your points — Signalling that the next point outranks the last one. The rooms are too small and, more importantly, poorly ventilated.
Reporting someone else's view — Stating a position fairly before you answer it. Proponents of this view hold that flexibility outweighs the loss of contact.	Reporting someone else's view — Reporting a common view you are about to examine. It is often claimed that remote study saves students money.	Reporting someone else's view — Introducing the opposing side of a debate you are summarising. Critics counter that isolation harms exactly the students who struggle most.

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 1-15 (FRONT)

long adjective	material noun	free adjective
form noun	see verb	call verb
record noun	small adjective	animal noun
light noun	know verb	part noun
lose verb	flexibility noun	begin verb

not costing money, or not restricted.	physical substance from which something is made.	having great length or duration
Contact someone by phone or shout a name.	Perceive something with the eyes.	Shape or structure of something, or to create it.
A living creature that is not a plant or human.	Limited in size or amount.	Written or stored account of facts kept for future reference.
a piece or portion of a larger whole.	To have information or understanding about something.	The natural energy that makes things visible.
start doing or happening something.	ability to adapt or change easily to new conditions.	fail to keep or maintain possession of something.

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 16–30 (FRONT)

produce verb	life noun	set noun
end noun	lab noun	store noun
careful adjective	center noun	floor noun
simple adjective	species noun	term noun
entire adjective	fit verb	pick verb

group of matching items or things placed together.	the state of being alive, or a period of existence.	make or create something through effort or process.
place where goods are sold to customers.	room equipped for scientific experiments or research.	final point or last part of something.
lower surface of a room people walk on	middle point of an area or building.	paying close attention to avoid mistakes or harm.
specific word or fixed period of time	group of related living organisms able to breed together	easy to understand or do, not complicated
to choose or select from a group	to be right size or shape for something	whole, with no part left out

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 31–45 (FRONT)

world noun	appear verb	history noun
exact adjective	switch verb	heavy adjective
structure noun	vast adjective	sound noun
heat noun	pattern noun	surface noun
space noun	effect noun	balance noun

study of past events.	become visible or seem to be true.	planet Earth and everything on it.
Having great weight or force.	change from one thing to another.	completely accurate and precise.
Something that can be heard.	Extremely large in size or amount.	The way parts of something are arranged or organized.
The outside or top layer of something.	A repeated or regular arrangement of things.	The quality of being hot; warmth.
state where opposing forces are equal	result or change caused by something	An empty area available for use.

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 46–60 (FRONT)

face verb	ocean noun	current adjective
hard adjective	natural adjective	tiny adjective
scientist noun	rock noun	behavior noun
physical adjective	steady adjective	layer noun
color noun	engineer noun	deep adjective

happening or existing right now	very large body of salt water	to deal with a difficult situation
extremely small in size	existing in nature, not made or caused by people	requiring much effort or skill to do
way someone acts or conducts themselves.	hard mineral material forming part of earth's surface.	a person who studies or works in a field of science
a single thickness of material covering a surface	firmly fixed or not changing in position or condition.	relating to the body rather than the mind.
extending far down or inward from a surface	person trained to design or build machines, structures, or systems	the visual property such as red, blue, or green

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 61–75 (FRONT)

distance noun	evidence noun	eat verb
thin adjective	wind noun	push verb
energy noun	match noun	science noun
strong adjective	rise verb	sun noun
cold adjective	source noun	capture verb

to put food into the mouth and swallow it	facts or signs that show something is true	amount of space between two points
apply force to move something away	moving air outdoors	having little width or not fat
systematic study of natural world	item or event that corresponds or competes	power needed for activity or work
the star that gives light and heat to earth	to move upward or increase in amount	Having great physical power or force.
take hold of by force or skill	place or thing something comes from	having a low temperature, especially compared to the human body

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 76–90 (FRONT)

depend verb	link noun	repeat verb
sunlight noun	star noun	bird noun
deeper adjective	harder adjective	larger adjective
older adjective	top noun	chemical noun
cool adjective	date noun	flow verb

say or do something again	connection between two things	rely on someone or something for support
animal with feathers and wings that can usually fly	bright object seen in night sky	light coming from the sun
greater in size	requiring more effort or force	extending further down or more thoroughly into something
substance used in or produced by reactions	highest point or part of something	having lived or existed longer
move steadily in a continuous stream	specific day marked on a calendar	somewhat cold in temperature

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 91-105 (FRONT)

organism noun	stone noun	element noun
gap noun	gas noun	outward adjective
dense adjective	settle verb	amount noun
chemistry noun	fail verb	sudden adjective
planet noun	particle noun	old adjective

basic part or component of something larger	hard solid mineral material found in ground	individual living thing, such as plant or animal
facing or moving toward outside	Substance that is neither solid nor liquid, like air.	empty space or break between two things
total quantity of something.	resolve disagreement or establish home in a place	closely packed together with little space between
happening quickly and unexpectedly.	not succeed at attempted task.	science studying substances and their reactions.
having lived or existed for a long time	extremely small piece of matter	large round body orbiting a star

SCIENCE — WORDS FOR SCIENTIFIC TEXTS — CARDS 106–120 (FRONT)

blue adjective	dark adjective	object noun
pull verb	collect verb	drift verb
puzzle noun	solid adjective	act verb
clever adjective	insect noun	pressure noun
memory noun	carbon noun	zone noun

physical thing that can be seen or touched	having little or no light	having the color of a clear sky
To move slowly, often carried by air or water, without control.	gather items together from different places	move something toward yourself using force
To take action or behave in a certain way.	Firm and hard in form, not liquid or gas.	A problem or game that tests one's thinking skills.
A force pushing on something, or a feeling of stress.	A small creature with six legs and often wings.	Quick to understand and having sharp thinking skills.
area with particular features or purpose	A common chemical element found in all living things.	The ability to remember information or past experiences.

interaction noun	education noun	community noun
lead verb	share verb	social adjective
city noun	feel verb	peer noun
crowd noun	ordinary adjective	family noun
individual noun	government noun	value noun

A group of people living in the same area or sharing interests.	Process of teaching and learning, usually in school.	communication or activity between two or more parties.
relating to society or interaction among people.	give a portion of something to others.	guide or direct a group of people or activity.
person of same age, status, or ability as another	experience emotion or physical sensation	large town where many people live and work.
group of people related by blood or marriage.	normal and not special or unusual.	large group of people gathered together.
the worth, importance, or usefulness of something	group that officially rules a country	single person considered separately

human adjective	teacher noun	resident noun
communication noun	media noun	report noun
connect verb	public adjective	school noun
fair adjective	age noun	difference noun
ethical adjective	relationship noun	ride verb

person living permanently in a place	person who helps others learn	relating to people rather than animals or machines.
a written or spoken account describing something in detail	Means of mass communication like TV, radio, internet.	exchange of information between people
an institution where children go to learn	relating to or open for use by people in general	to join or link two or more things together
way in which two things are not the same	number of years someone has lived	treating people equally and justly
travel in or on a vehicle or animal	way two people or things are connected	morally correct or relating to principles of right conduct

debate noun	generation noun	society noun
agree verb	institution noun	responsibility noun
town noun	control verb	network noun
policy noun	culture noun	fact noun
body noun	voice noun	citizen noun

large group of people living together in community.	group of people born around same time.	formal discussion where opposing views are argued.
A duty to deal with something or take care of someone.	large organization founded for a particular purpose, such as education	have the same opinion as someone else
system of connected parts, people, or computers	To have power over how something behaves or operates.	A place with houses and buildings, smaller than a city.
something known to be true	customs, beliefs, and way of life of a group	official plan of action agreed by an organization
Legally recognized member of a particular country or state.	sound produced by a person when speaking or singing	the entire physical structure of a person or animal

site noun	urban adjective	country noun
relative noun	decision noun	growth noun
responsible adjective	safer adjective	security noun
parent noun	contact noun	loud adjective
action noun	steer verb	strange adjective

nation with its own government and territory	relating to cities or towns rather than countryside	particular location where something is or happens
The process of increasing in size, number, or development.	A choice or conclusion reached after consideration.	person connected to another by blood or marriage
state of being protected from danger or threat	Less likely to cause harm or danger than an alternative.	Having a duty to deal with or take care of something.
producing a strong, noticeable sound.	communication or connection between people	mother or father of a child
unusual or unfamiliar in a surprising way	guide the direction of a vehicle or process	act of doing something for a particular purpose.

vote noun	witness noun	nation noun
bone noun	political adjective	neighborhood noun
official adjective	strict adjective	vocabulary noun
survey noun	anthropologist noun	interview noun
partnership noun	sister noun	woman noun

Large group of people organized under one government in a country.	Person who sees an event happen and can describe it.	Formal choice made to select a candidate or decide an issue.
District or area within a town or city.	relating to government, public affairs, or policy	hard tissue that forms the skeleton
set of words known or used by a person or in a language	demanding that rules be obeyed exactly	Relating to authority, or a person holding public position.
formal meeting where questions are asked to assess someone	A scientist who studies human societies and cultures.	study that gathers opinions or data from many people
adult female human being	girl or woman who shares the same parents as another person	relationship in which two or more parties work together toward shared goals

authority noun	conflict noun	demonstration noun
dig verb	impose verb	independent adjective
influence noun	instinct noun	international adjective
literacy noun	national adjective	obligation noun
origin noun	planner noun	procedure noun

public gathering showing opinion about an issue	serious disagreement or clash between opposing sides	power to give orders or make decisions
not controlled or influenced by others	force a rule or burden onto others	to break or move earth using tools or hands
Involving two or more countries.	A natural tendency to act without conscious thought or reasoning.	The power to affect someone's actions, beliefs, or decisions.
duty someone must fulfill	relating to a whole country	The ability to read and write.
Official or accepted way of doing a particular task.	Person or tool that organizes future activities or schedules.	point where something begins

proof noun	spare adjective	subtly adverb
supporter noun	tradition noun	twentieth adjective
unfair adjective	weigh verb	youth noun
aid noun	influencer noun	mother noun
silk noun	archaeologist noun	eyewitness noun

in a way that is not obvious or easy to notice	extra and available for use if needed	Evidence that shows something is true.
coming after nineteen others in order	custom passed down through generations	person who backs or favors a cause or team
Period of life when someone is young.	Measure how heavy something is.	not treating people equally or justly
female parent of child.	A person who affects others' opinions, especially online.	Help or support given to someone in need.
person who personally saw an event happen	scientist who studies ancient human remains and objects.	soft smooth fabric made from fibers spun by certain insects.

generational adjective	milk noun	advocacy noun
amend verb	assimilate verb	attitude noun
autonomy noun	bureaucracy noun	civil adjective
clause noun	cohesion noun	consensus noun
demographic adjective	disparity noun	egalitarian adjective

Public support for or recommendation of a particular cause or policy Her advocacy for human rights brought international attention to the issue.	white liquid produced by mammals to feed their young	relating to a group of people born around the same time
a person's settled way of thinking or feeling about something Her positive attitude toward group work helped the whole team finish the project early.	To absorb and integrate people, ideas, or culture into a wider society Immigrants often face challenges as they assimilate into a new culture.	to make small changes to a document or law to improve it. Lawmakers voted to amend the policy to include stricter environmental standards.
relating to ordinary citizens or their legal rights, not military or religious matters The court ruled on a civil dispute between two neighboring landowners.	A system of government where most decisions are made by officials rather than elected representatives Excessive bureaucracy can slow down the implementation of new policies.	The right or condition of self-government; freedom from external control The region gained greater autonomy after the constitutional reform.
A general agreement among a group of people The committee reached a consensus on the new environmental policy.	The action or fact of forming a united whole Social cohesion is vital for maintaining a stable community.	a distinct section within a legal document or sentence. The contract included a clause that allowed either party to withdraw early.
Relating to or believing in the principle that all people are equal Scandinavian countries are often cited as examples of egalitarian societies.	A great difference between things Income disparity between urban and rural areas continues to grow.	Relating to the structure of populations Demographic changes are reshaping the workforce in many countries.

TECHNOLOGY — WORDS FOR COMPUTING, ENGINEERING AND DESIGN — CARDS 1–15 (FRONT)

online adjective	system noun	post verb
platform noun	technology noun	machine noun
phone noun	portal noun	interactive adjective
digital adjective	metal noun	shuttle noun
app noun	printer noun	track verb

to put information online for others to see	set of connected parts working together as whole	connected to or available through the internet
device with moving parts that performs tasks using power.	scientific knowledge used for practical purposes and inventions	raised flat surface or system for a purpose
Allowing two-way communication or exchange between user and system.	online gateway or entry point to information	device used for talking at distance
vehicle that travels back and forth over short route regularly	hard shiny material like iron or gold	Using electronic technology to store or process information.
To follow the movement or progress of someone or something.	machine that produces text or images on paper	software program for phone or computer

video noun	power noun	cycle noun
file noun	upload verb	engineering noun
frame noun	screen noun	message noun
telegraph noun	automatically adverb	computer noun
laptop noun	news noun	device noun

series of events that repeat in the same order	ability to control people or produce an effect	A recording of moving images, often with sound.
the design and building of machines or structures	send data from a device to a larger computer system	a collection of documents or data stored together
short piece of information sent to someone	flat surface that displays images or text	a rigid structure that surrounds or supports something
An electronic device that processes data and performs tasks.	Done by a machine or system without human control, or without conscious thought.	old device for sending coded electrical messages over distance
tool or machine built for a specific purpose	recently reported information about current events.	small portable computer

internet noun	concrete noun	railroad noun
wire noun	camera noun	privacy noun
scan verb	adopt verb	identical adjective
personalized adjective	unlock verb	radio noun
swipe verb	electronic adjective	leap verb

track system for trains to travel on	hard building material made from cement, sand, and water	global network connecting computers worldwide
State of being free from observation or intrusion by others.	Device used to capture photographs or video.	Thin flexible strand of metal used to carry current or fasten things.
Exactly the same in every way.	legally take another's child as one's own, or start using something	look at something quickly or capture it digitally
device that receives broadcast sound signals through the air	to open something using a key or code	made or changed to suit one specific person's needs.
large jump from one place to another	relating to devices powered by circuits and controlled signals	quick sliding motion, often on a touchscreen

wheel noun	code noun	password noun
spin verb	inventor noun	oversight noun
smart adjective	storage noun	tap verb
tube noun	vessel noun	virtual adjective
anchor noun	battery noun	blade noun

secret string of characters used to confirm identity for access	A system of symbols or instructions used for communication or computing.	A round object that turns to allow movement.
Failure to notice or do something, often by mistake.	A person who creates a new device, process, or idea.	turn quickly around a central point
hit gently and quickly	act of keeping items in a particular place until needed	having quick and clever mind
existing in computer form rather than physically	large boat or ship	long hollow cylinder used to carry liquid or gas
The flat cutting part of a knife or tool.	A device that stores and supplies electrical power.	Heavy object dropped to keep a boat in place.

grid noun	automate verb	brake noun
bridge noun	default noun	restart verb
simulate verb	algorithm noun	autonomous adjective
bandwidth noun	component noun	enable verb
encryption noun	innovative adjective	interoperability noun

device used to slow or stop a vehicle.	make process run using machines instead of people.	A network of crossing lines or connected system, like power lines.
begin again after stopping	preset option used when no other choice is made	structure built to cross river or road.
Having the freedom to act independently; self-governing Autonomous vehicles are expected to transform urban transportation.	A process or set of rules to be followed in calculations or problem-solving Search engines use complex algorithms to rank web pages.	imitate conditions of real situation artificially
to give someone the ability or means to do something. New software will enable researchers to analyze large datasets more efficiently.	a part that combines with others to form a whole system Each component of the engine must meet strict safety standards before assembly.	The maximum rate of data transfer across a given path Increasing bandwidth is essential for supporting high-definition streaming.
The ability of different systems to work together Interoperability between medical systems improves patient care.	Featuring new methods; advanced and original The company is known for its innovative approach to product design.	The process of converting information into code to prevent unauthorized access. End-to-end encryption ensures that only the sender and receiver can read messages.

maximize verb	modify verb	obsolete adjective
optimize verb	proliferation noun	prototype noun
scalable adjective	ubiquitous adjective	

No longer produced or used; out of date Rapid technological change can make devices obsolete within a few years.	to change something partly, often to improve or adjust it. Engineers had to modify the design after early tests revealed structural weaknesses.	Increase something to its highest possible level. Engineers redesigned the wing shape to maximize fuel efficiency during long flights.
A first or preliminary model of something from which other forms are developed The engineering team built a prototype to test the new design concept.	Rapid increase in numbers or spread The proliferation of social media platforms has changed how people communicate.	To make the best or most effective use of a situation or resource Engineers optimize software to run faster and use less memory.
Present, appearing, or found everywhere Smartphones have become ubiquitous in modern society.	Able to be changed in size or scale; capable of growing Cloud computing provides a scalable solution for growing businesses.	

What this pack is, and is not

Every question in these files is a Reach120 practice item taken from the bank our learners practise against. None of them is a real TOEFL test question, and nothing here is published, licensed, endorsed or reviewed by ETS.

Format statements in this file carry the date the ETS 2026 test specifications were read. The specification is subject to minor revisions until the official launch, so a pack older than the material it samples is re-rendered rather than patched — which is why the cover carries a generation date.

Where a band appears beside a sample response it is a Reach120 estimate produced by our own scoring, never an ETS score. Word ranges are Reach120 pacing targets for practice, never requirements or limits.

The scored version of this material

[Browse every list and schedule a spaced review — https://www.reach120.com/flashcards](https://www.reach120.com/flashcards)

Every free download Reach120 publishes is listed at [reach120.com/downloads](https://www.reach120.com/downloads). No account, no email address, and the whole contents of each file on its own page.